



# Energy efficiency and renewable energy sources status regarding Riga city Sustainable Energy Action Plan



Conference "Energy Efficiency Policies – Reality Check", Brussels, 19.03.2013



### City of Riga

- City of Riga:
  - area 307km<sup>2</sup>;
  - population 650 640;

population density 2 119 residents/km².







### Riga city Sustainable Energy Action Plan 2010-2020 (SEAP)

Riga – as the first capital city - signed The Covenant of Mayors in September,
2008 and assumed an obligation

20-20-20 at 2020

- SEAP was approved by the Riga City Council in 2010
- The first progress report of the SEAP was worked up in 2011. There was pointed out that CO<sub>2</sub> emissions decreased by 49% compare to the 1990. The second progress report of the SEAP which was worked up in 2012 outlined CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reduction by >50% compare to the 1990.

### Riga SEAP structure



### Main chapters:

- •Emissions inventory, base year choise, emissions forecast until 2020,
- Energy consumption reduction and EE improvement measures,
- •RES use

### Chapters of supporting measures:

- Management structures of Riga SEAP implementation,
- Society involvement in the SEAP implementation,
- Possible financial tools and necessary funding for SEAP implementation,
- •EU, state and local governement supporting measures,
- Necessary regulations and laws for SEAP implementation

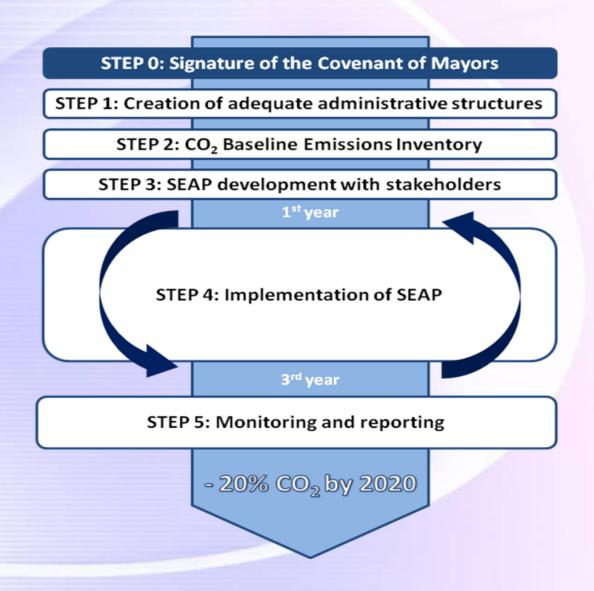


## Potential sources of funding of energy efficient renovation of buildings (SEAP)

Complex renovation of multi-apartment buildings	Structural Funds, loan resources, revolving fund, national and municipality aid measures, ESCO, MESCO
Complex renovation of municipal public buildings in Riga	Funding from the flexible mechanisms of the Kyoto Protocol, budget of the municipality

### **Tools: SEAP & CO2 Baseline Inventory**





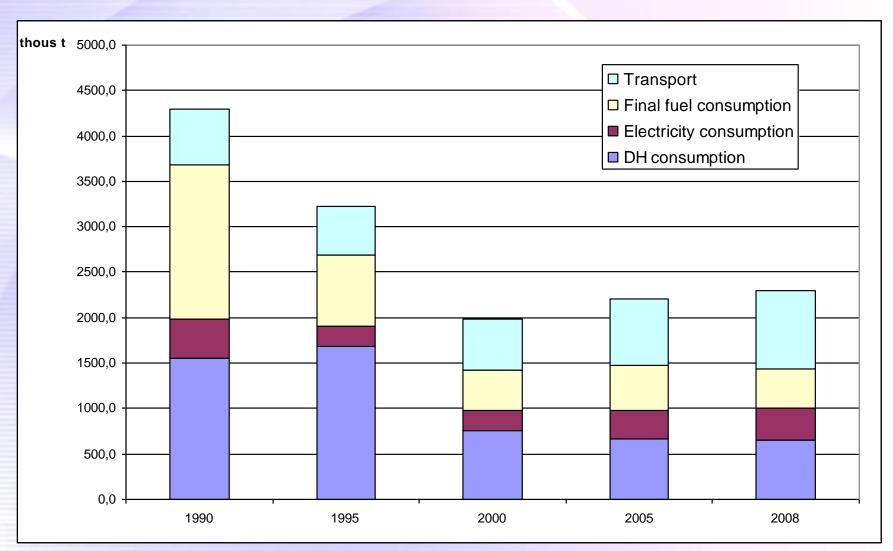


### The baseline C0<sub>2</sub> emission Inventory for Riga

- The baseline emission have been calculated for year 1990; 1995; 2005; 2008 (CO<sub>2</sub> emissions);
- Projection of emissions for year 2010; 2015 and 2020 have been evaluated;
- Standard emission factors in line with the IPCC principles have been chosen;
- Country specific CO<sub>2</sub> EF for primary energy have been implemented

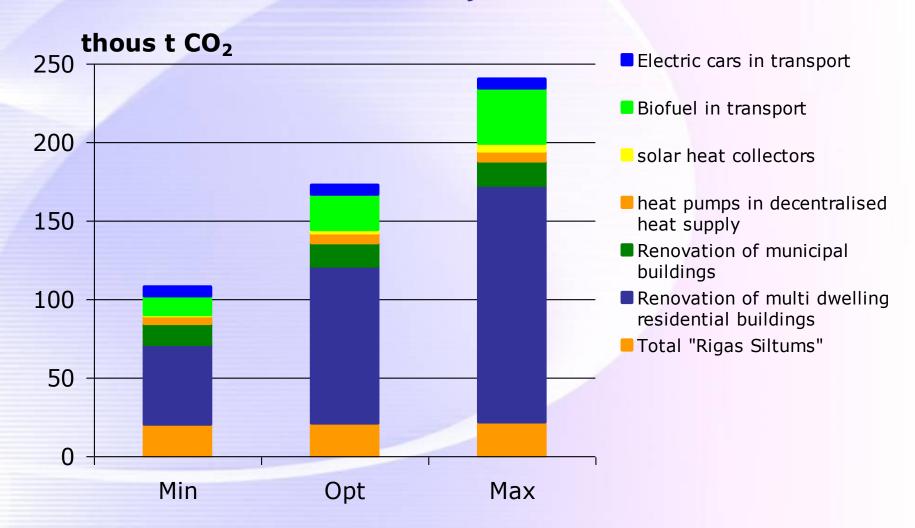


### Calculated CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Riga 1990 -2008



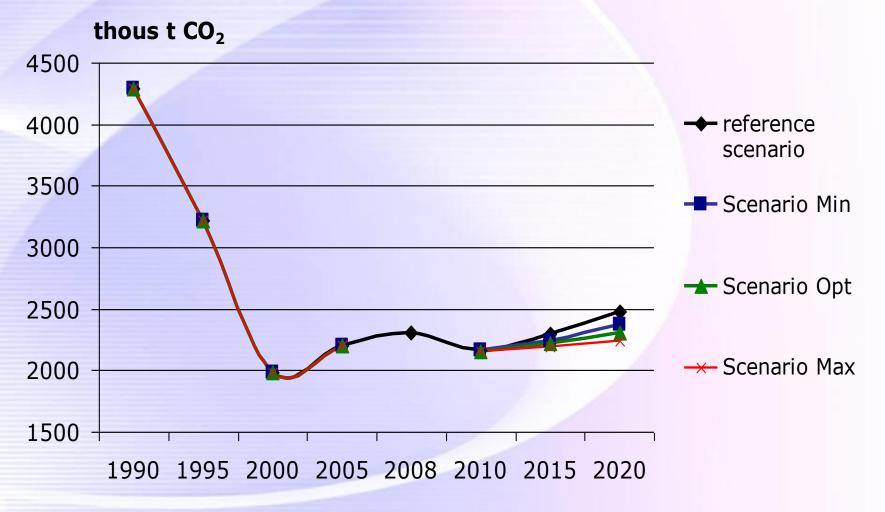


### Evaluated potential of demand side emission reduction measures, year 2020





### Projected CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Riga for different scenarios





## Energy consumption reduction and EE improvement measures (SEAP)

- Energy production and supply sector:
  - Heat supply
  - Elektricity supply
  - Fuel consumption, incl. decentalized heat supply.
- **■** Energy consuming (demand side) sector:
  - City housing sector
  - Public buildings secktor of the city
  - Streets and parks lightening
  - The public transport of the city.
- **■** Urban development planning measures for energy consumption reduction.

### Heat supply in Riga city



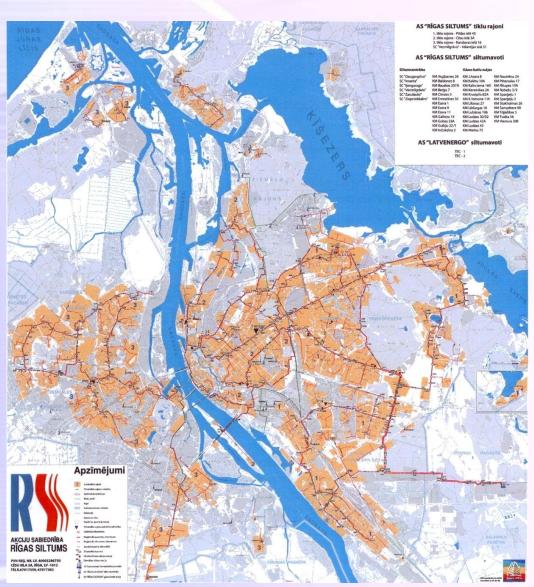
Main type of heat supply – district heating (DH) - covers 76% of total heat demand

Main fuel - natural gas

70% of heat for Riga DH system is supplied by CHP plants TEC-1 and Rīgas TEC-2

30% of heat energy is produced in JSC "Rīgas siltums":

- 5 heat plants
- 38 gas-fired boiler houses (BH)
- ➤ 90% of consumed heat energy is produced in high efficient combined heat & power (CHP) mode
- > Heat distribution losses is reduced below 13%



### Energy efficiency improvement measures in the DH system research



**■** Flue gas condensing equipment installation in heat plants for flue gas heat utilization

■ EE improvement in the CHP "Imanta" by installation of absorbtion type heat pump (2 MW)

#### Key rehabilitation measures of DH system:

- decommissioning of central heat substations(185)
- installation of prefabricated building heat substations (>8.000)
- heat distribution network rehabilitation by use of prefabricated isolated pipes
- heat meters remote reading introduction for heat billing & energy management needs (8.000 pcs)



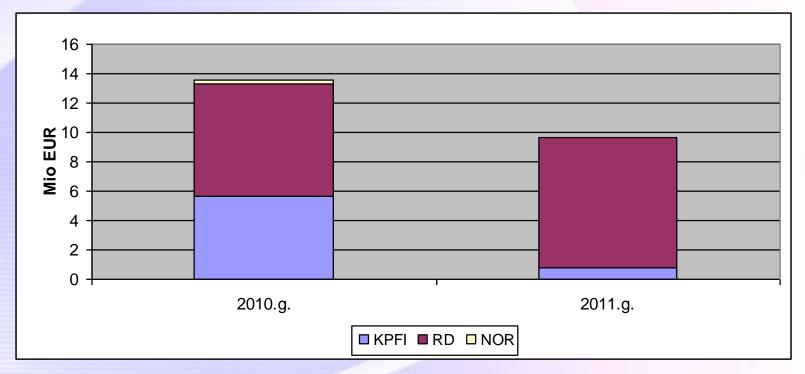
## Main demand side measures for EE improvement & CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction in Riga

Measure	Energy saving or substitution, year 2020, Max scenario, GWh
Renovation of multi-apartment residential buildings	780
Renovation of municipal buildings	81
Solar collectors in decentralized heat supply	25
Heat pumps in decentralized heat supply	48
Biofuel for transport	330



## Refurbishement of Riga city public buildings - annual energy savings of around 12,5 thous. MWh

Investments in energy efficient refurbishement of public buildings – schools and kindergartens



100 - number of Riga city public buildings which were refurbished until 2013



### **RES** use in Riga:

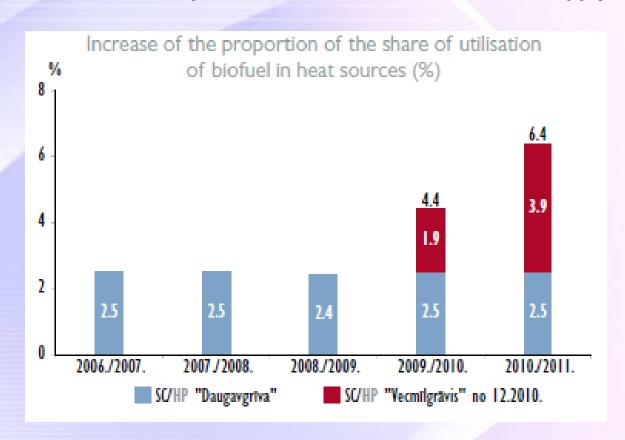
- hydroenergy Riga HES (Daugava cascade) connectioned to the power supply system of Riga
- biogas
- solid biomass
- subsurface ground heat
- solar energy
- electric cars





#### Solid biomass – wood chips

#### JSC "Rīgas siltums" - main operator of centralized district heat supply in Riga

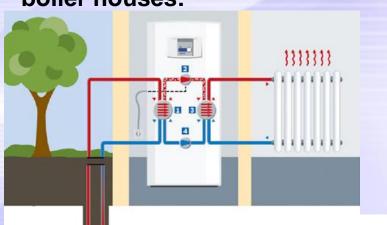


The target – increase the share of solid biomass up to the 20% in the heat supplier fuel balance before the year 2015



### SUBSURFACE GROUND HEAT

Riga municipality installed space heating based on the ground heat pumps in the two kindergardens, thereby closed the two coal-fired boiler houses:



Kindergarden "Kastanītis" -

10 thermal probes in vertical boreholes with depth – 120m;

Two stage heat pump 57,5 kW



### **ELECTRIC CARS IN RIGA**



#### First in Latvia registered electric cars (9) are in Riga, incl.:

- Riga municipality 6 pcs;
- JSC "Latvenergo" 2 pcs
- electric cars sales dealer 1 pcs





There was registered in Riga also the car with both electrical and gasoline engines, which is worlds famous OSCAR - first electric car – participant of Dacara international rally competitions



### EU "green city" index of Riga (Siemens evaluation)





## Upgrading SEAP: roadmap to the status of smart city

### Example of data remote reading for commercial invoices preparation

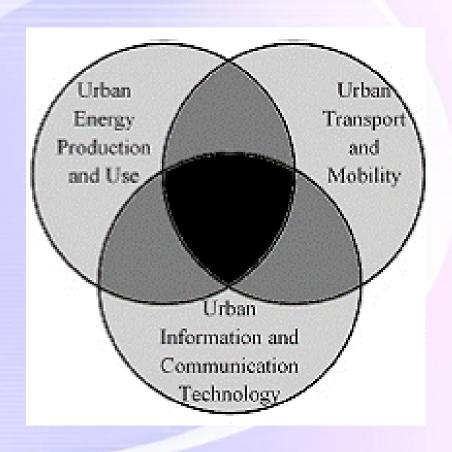
System provides automatic remote reading of heat consumption data from 8.000 heat meters

- No necessity of monthly visits of consumer substations in order to make manual records of heat meters data
- No necessity of manual data input into system interface
- Data automatic input transmittance allows automatic preparation of consumers invoices
- Remote evaluation possibility of heat consumption

The project is realized by Ltd. "Citrus Solutions" together with Miltel Communications, which provides management software, the installation and construction of all equipments, both base stations and end-connection devices, as well as overall project management and integration.



### SMART CITIES partnership in cities and reagions covers three sectors





### Hydrogen in the city: smart technology for smart city

International Conference "Hydrogen technology opportunities for sustainable development of cities" Riga, 20.03.2013



## Thank you for your kind attention!

http://www.rea.riga.lv