

# Dabartinė ir planuojama atsinaujinančiosios energijos politika Lietuvoje

Present and Planned Renewable Energy Policies in Lithuania

Viktorija Sankauskaitė

Atsinaujinančių energijos išteklių ir energijos efektyvumo skyriaus vedėja  
Head of the Renewable energy Resources and Energy Efficiency Division

2013-04-22  
Vilnius

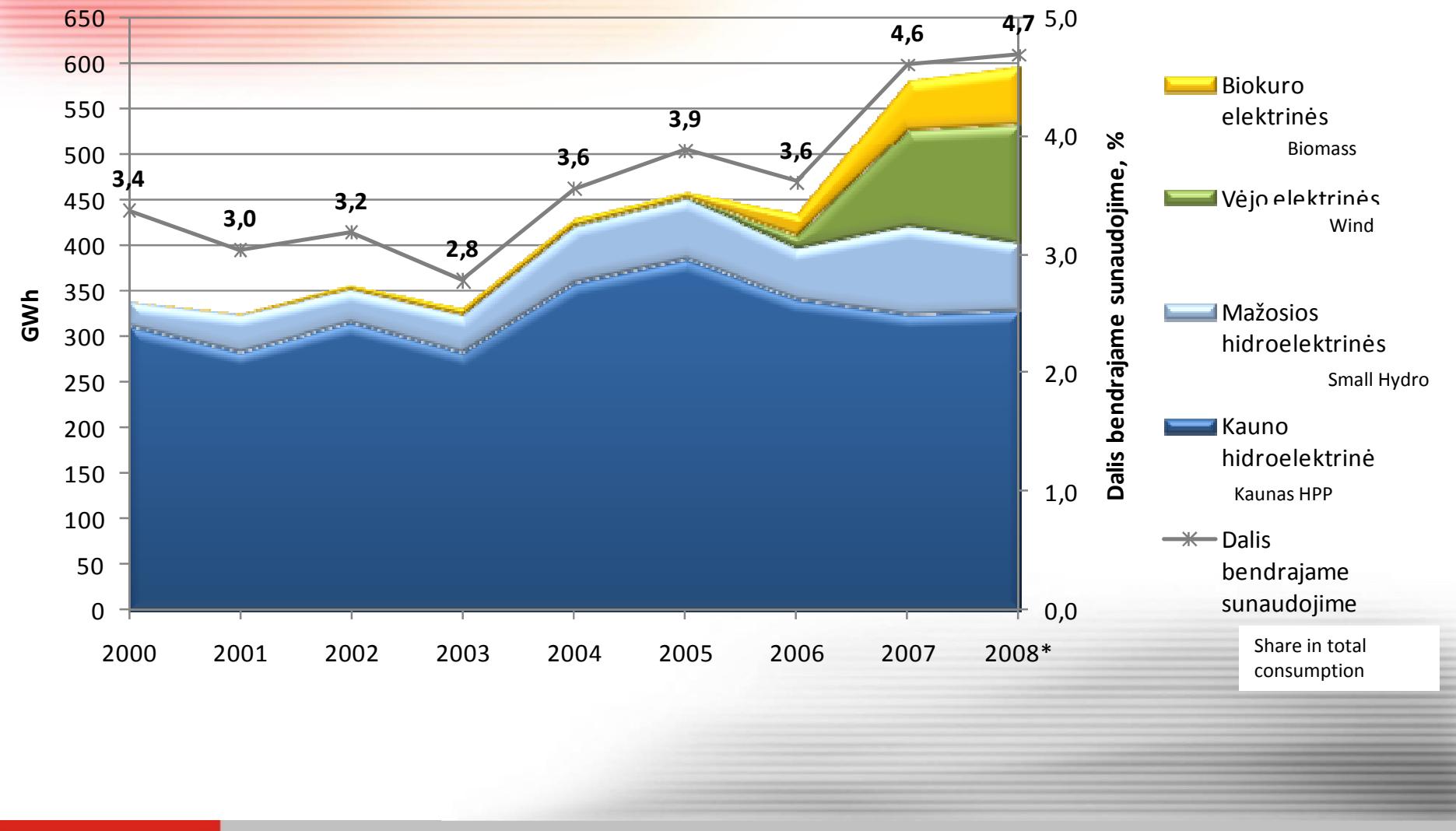
## Development of the National RES-Electricity Support Scheme

- **2002:** Decision of the Government on **feed-in tariff** system for RES power plants
- **2004:** Amendments of the existing support scheme introducing a **tendering system** for wind power plants above 250 kW installed capacity
  - ✓ tenders for total capacity up to 170 MW
  - ✓ zones for development of power plants
  - ✓ evaluation criterion – share of grid connection fee paid by producer
- **2006:** Amendments of the tendering system
- **2011:** Law on Renewable Energy:
  - ✓ feed-in tariff for generators up to 30 kW installed capacity
  - ✓ „auctioned“ feed-in tariff for generators above 30 kW installed capacity
- **2013:** Amendments of the Law on Renewable Energy
  - ✓ feed-in tariff for „surplus“ electricity for generators up to 10 kW installed capacity
  - ✓ „auctioned“ feed-in tariff for generators above 10 kW installed capacity

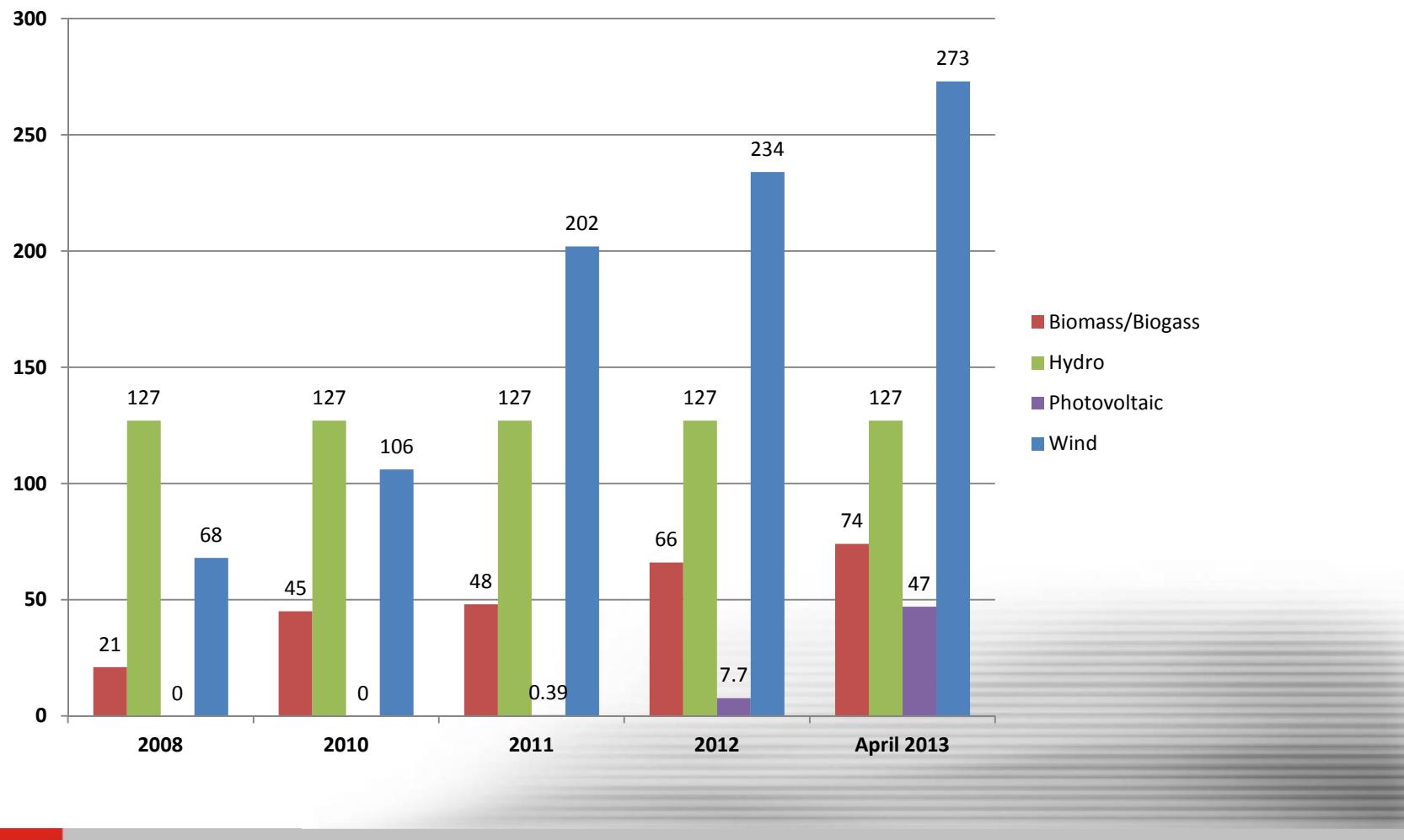
## Feed-in tariffs, Lt/kWh

	2002	2008	2009	2010	2012	2013
Wind PP	0,22	0,22	0,30	0,30	0,28-0,37	0,28-0,37
Biomass PP	0,20	0,22-0,24	0,30	0,30	0,37-0,50	0,37-0,50
Hydro PP	0,20	0,20	0,26	0,26	0,22-0,28	0,22-0,28
Photovoltaic PP				1,51-1,63	1,04-1,80	0,90-0,60

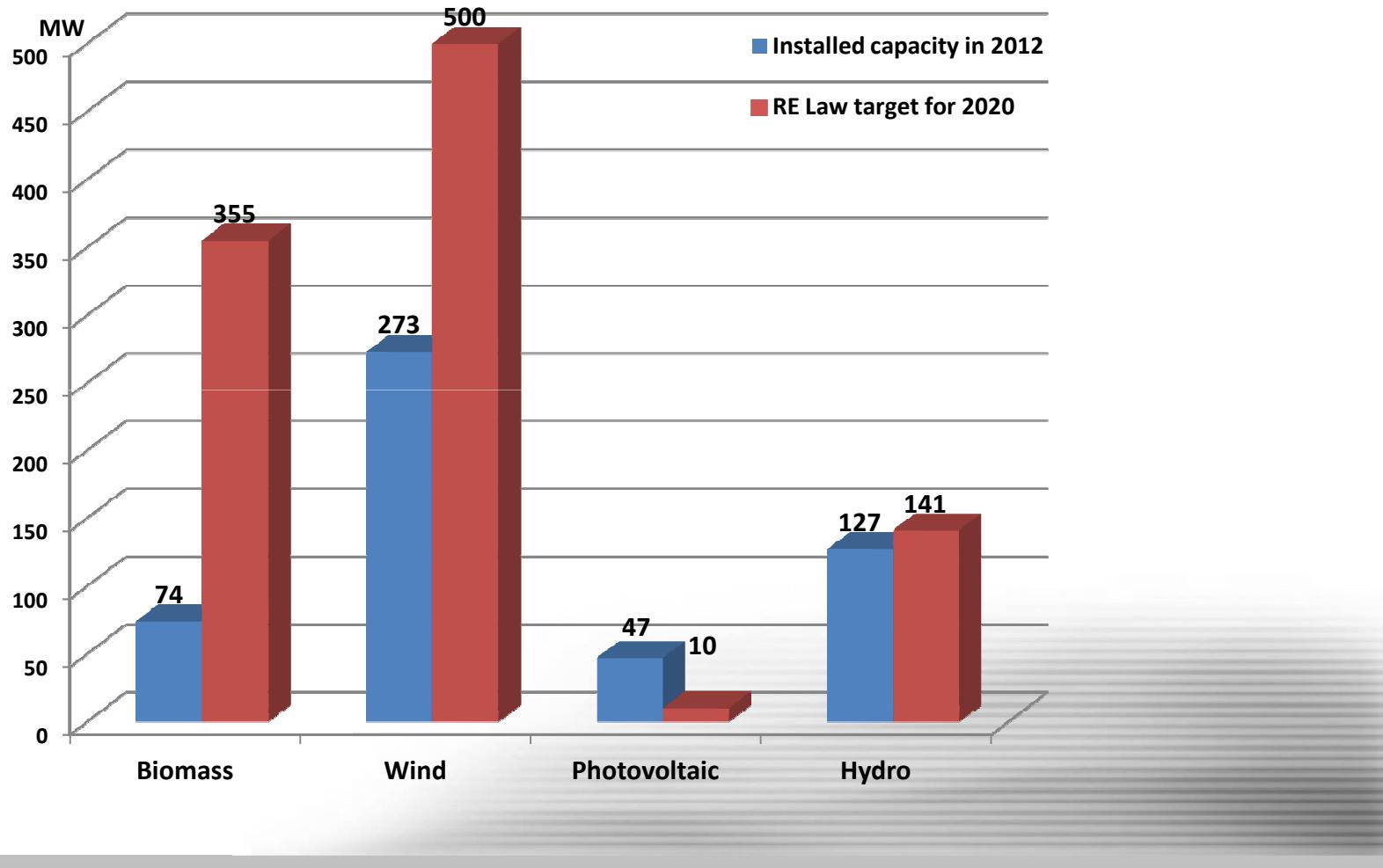
## RES electricity generation



## Installed Capacities of RES Power Plants, MW (1)



## Installed Capacities of RES Power Plants, MW (2)



# Basic lines for renewable energy development

## I. General strategic principles

- Introduction of economically and technically efficient energy technologies;
- Promotion of RES cogeneration;
- Promotion of electricity generation from RES using a support scheme that ensures lowest impact on energy prices;
- Development of biomass production infrastructure and biomass trade system.

## II. Principles in electricity and heating sectors:

- Electricity sector:
  - Use of biomass, wind and hydro energy potential (construction of new power plants, modernisation of existing ones):
    - ✓ support for investments from EU funds (amount to be confirmed by the end of this year) plus involvement of private capital
    - ✓ support of private investments through feed-in or market premium mechanisms
- Heating sector:
  - Switching from natural gas to biomass;
    - ✓ support for investments from EU funds (amount to be confirmed by the end of this year) plus involvement of private capital

**Ačiū už dėmesj!**  
**Thank You for Your Attention!**